4.3. VULNERABLE ADULTS SAFEGUARDING POLICY

This Policy is issued by Eyes Open CIC hereafter referred to as 'the Organisation'.

I. Introduction

- 1.1. Eyes Open CIC trading as The Bank Arts Centre hereinafter referred to as the Organisation, has written this Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy and Procedures to provide an understanding of Safeguarding and establish procedures which demonstrate the Organisation's values and commitment in this particular area. It provides guidance for Directors, staff, volunteers and tutors about what to do in specific circumstances.
- 1.2. Within the area of safeguarding adults, it is vital that all staff, including volunteers, know what to do if they are concerned about a vulnerable person. It is equally important that others are aware that the Organisation takes the safety and welfare of vulnerable people into consideration in every activity that is undertaken.
- 1.3. The first part of this document provides the Organisation's Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy followed by Procedures.
- 1.4. The Organisation accepts that Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy and Procedures are not enough in themselves to cover the wider remit of caring for vulnerable adults, which is primarily about prevention, and will develop suitable training and provide advice to Directors, staff and volunteers where necessary.

2. Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy

- 2.1. The Organisation is fully committed to safeguarding the welfare of all vulnerable adults, recognising its responsibility to take all reasonable steps to promote safe practice and to protect vulnerable adults from harm, abuse and exploitation.
- 2.2. The Organisation acknowledges its duty to act appropriately to any allegations, reports or suspicions of abuse.
- 2.3. Directors, staff, volunteers, and the Organisation's members will endeavour to work together to encourage the development of an ethos which embraces difference and diversity and respects the rights of children, young people and adults.

In implementing this Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy, the Organisation will:

- 2.4. Ensure that all Directors, staff, volunteers and members understand their legal and moral responsibility to protect vulnerable adults from harm, abuse and exploitation;
- 2.5. Ensure that all Directors, staff, volunteers and members understand their responsibility to work at all times towards maintaining high standards of practice;
- 2.6. Ensure that all Directors, staff, volunteers and members understand their duty to report concerns that arise about a vulnerable adult, or a Director, staff, volunteer or

v.4. 12-2023 Page 1 of 8

- member's conduct towards a vulnerable adult, to the Organisation's named person for safeguarding issues which currently is the Chair of Directors.
- 2.7. Ensure that The General Manager understands their responsibility to refer any safeguarding concerns to the statutory agencies (i.e. Police and / or Suffolk's Adult Safeguarding Board);
- 2.8. Ensure that any procedures relating to the conduct of Directors, staff or volunteers are implemented in a consistent and equitable manner;
- 2.9. Provide opportunities for all Directors, staff or volunteers to develop their skills and knowledge, particularly in relation to the welfare and protection of vulnerable adults;
- 2.10. Ensure that vulnerable adults are enabled to express their ideas and views on a wide range of issues and will have access to the Organisation's Complaints Procedure;
- 2.11. Endeavour to keep up-to-date with national developments relating to the welfare and safeguarding of vulnerable adults.

3. Commitment

- 3.1. The Organisation is fully committed to protect and promote individual human rights, the capacity for independence and improved wellbeing so that vulnerable adults stay safe, are treated with dignity and respect, enjoy a sustained quality of life and are at all times protected from abuse, neglect, discrimination or poor treatment.
- 3.2. The central purpose of the Organisation's Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy and Procedures is to ensure that people know how to recognise signs of abuse and neglect and, where they do occur, that there is an appropriate response to protect those affected from further harm.

4. Definitions

Who is a Vulnerable Adult?

4.1. A vulnerable adult is a person aged 18 years or over who may be unable to take care of themselves, or protect themselves from harm or from being exploited. This may be because their circumstances e.g. chronic illness, disability, age, mental health issues or their lifestyle causes them to be at risk in some situations.

What is abuse?

4.2. Abuse is mistreatment by any other person or persons that violates a person's human and civil rights. Abuse can happen anywhere – in a person's own home, in a residential or nursing home, in a supported living setting, a hospital or GP surgery, a prison, day centre or educational setting, library, sports centre, within the workplace, or within the community.

Examples of Abuse

- 4.3. **Physical abuse**: including hitting, slapping, pushing, kicking or injuring someone and misuse of medication.
- 4.4. **Sexual abuse**: including rape, sexual assault or pressuring someone into sexual acts they haven't consented to, don't understand or feel powerless to refuse.
- 4.5. **Emotional abuse**: including threats of harm or abandonment, isolation, humiliation, blaming, controlling, intimidation, coercion, harassment, verbal abuse, or withdrawal from services or supportive networks.

v.4. 12-2023 Page 2 of 8

- 4.6. **Financial or material abuse**: including theft, fraud, and misuse of property, possessions, benefits, and deliberate / premeditated mismanagement of finances by people in positions of trust.
- 4.7. **Neglect and acts of omission**: including ignoring medical or physical care needs, failure to provide access to appropriate health, social care or educational services, withholding medication, nutrition and heating.
- 4.8. **Discriminatory abuse**: including abuse that is racist, sexist, or based on disability or age, or other forms of harassment, slurs or similar treatment.
- 4.9. **Institutional abuse**: sometimes happens in places such as residential homes, nursing homes, hospitals or prisons where people are mistreated because of poor or inadequate care / support, neglect and poor working practice that affect the whole of that service.

5. Procedure for what to do if you suspect abuse

- 5.1. All trustees, staff, volunteers and members must take the following action where appropriate:
 - Ensure the person is safe.
 - Listen carefully to what the person has to say, but **do not ask questions** other than to clarify what has been said.
 - Inform the person disclosing abuse that you cannot keep this information confidential and must pass this information on to the Organisation's named person for safeguarding issues.
 - Contact the emergency services if urgent medical help is required.
 - Contact the General Manager immediately. If the General Manager is unavailable then any other Director should be contacted.
 - If none of the Directors are available or if you believe involvement by someone I authority call Suffolk Adult Safeguarding Board via Customer First on 0808 800 4005. For adults press option 3.
 - The responsible person may decide to contact the Police if it is suspected that a crime has been committed.
 - Take care to preserve any evidence e.g. clothing, bedding, weapons, text messages, letters etc.
 - Record the allegation or your suspicion of abuse as accurately as possible.

Do Not:

- Question the victim as this may affect any police action.
- Discuss the allegation / abuse with the alleged perpetrator.
- Discuss the allegation / abuse with other staff members, other than the responsible person or second person.
- Take any other action without first discussing this with the position of responsible person or second person.
- Promise to maintain confidentiality.
- Delay reporting the incident / allegation.

v.4. 12-2023 Page 3 of 8

6. Reporting Procedure for Safeguarding Concerns

Is the Adult at risk of immediate harm?			
YES	NO		
If the person in at immediate risk of harm or needs medical attention, call 999 to contact the ambulance service and/or the police.	If no risk of immediate harm but you have a concern - Speak with the Safeguarding Lead:		
Follow all advice given. As soon as possible, (but within 24 hours) follow the reporting steps on the right.	Jon Betts – 07887 480241 General Manager and DSO The DSO will then either: Make a safeguarding referral, or seek advice from a relevant local agency on what action to take next, and inform you where appropriate. MASH Professional Consultation Line 03456 061 499		
	If the safeguarding Lead is not available and you think that waiting until they are available could cause delay and leave a child or adult at risk of harm, you can contact the MASH (Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub) professional support line for guidance on what action to take next. Follow their guidance.		
	Record the concern and send it securely within 2 hours in writing to the Safeguarding lead. Include the following: Who was at risk, who was involved, were there children in the family? What had happened? When did the event(s) happen? Where did it happen? Why are you concerned? Remember all your notes may be useful at later date, make sure they are: • Factual and not opinion		

v.4. 12-2023 Page **4** of **8**

 Always use the same works the person used when they told you about the situation Include the full date

- 6.1. All staff, Directors, volunteers and members have a clear professional and moral duty to report any allegations or suspicions of abuse or potential abuse of a vulnerable adult to the responsible person or second person.
- 6.2. Any worker within the Organisation who is involved directly or indirectly with vulnerable adults has the responsibility to be aware of the possibility of abuse. They have a responsibility to take appropriate action whenever there is concern that abuse may have taken place or may occur, unless someone does something to stop it. This is called 'alerting'.

It is important that any allegation of abuse is taken seriously, however insignificant it may seem on first appearance to the person receiving the information.

There are four key questions to be kept in mind when deciding whether an alert becomes a referral:

- Is the person 18 or older?
- Is the person in need of or may be in need of community care services by virtue of frailty, mental disorder, disability or other condition or illness?
- Do the circumstances indicate actual or potential risk of abuse, neglect or exploitation or significant harm?
- Is the person unable or likely to be unable to take care of themselves or protect themselves from harm or exploitation?

7. Who to Tell - Alert and Referral

- 7.1. If you have a concern about actual or possible adult abuse, generally, you should talk urgently to The General Manager or a Director making clear what you know or suspect. The only exception to this course of action is if the General Manager may be implicated in your concerns. In these circumstances you should talk directly to a Director
- 7.2. When a suspected incident of adult abuse is reported, the General Manager must take it seriously and decide whether the allegation needs further investigation. If it appears that there are grounds to believe that adult abuse is or may be happening, the Chair or Director must ensure that an alert is acted upon at the earliest possible opportunity and no later than at the end of the working day in question.
- 7.3. If there is any uncertainty that abuse has occurred or is indicated, then advice should be sought from the General Manager who will contact **Suffolk Adult Safeguarding Board via Customer First** on **0808 800 4005** for further advice.
- 7.4. The details required should include the following:
 - your name, position / relationship and contact details as the referrer

v.4. 12-2023 Page **5** of **8**

- when the incident happened
- where the incident happened
- who was involved (names and relationships)
- details of the concern or alleged abuse
- what action was taken and other organisations involved e.g. police, ambulance
- whether there is an immediate or future risk.

8. Ensuring immediate safety

8.1. If the vulnerable adult is in immediate danger or in need of urgent medical attention, action must be taken to ensure their immediate safety and well-being. This may include contacting the appropriate emergency services by calling 999.

9. Police advice

9.1. It should be noted that the Police, as well as taking a lead in any criminal investigation, are available for advice and consultation at an early stage. It is important that the Police are able to gather forensic evidence immediately and therefore they should be contacted in any case where a serious incident and / or criminal offence has occurred or is suspected of occurring.

10. Important things to consider when abuse is known or suspected

- 10.1. In all cases where a person is in immediate danger, urgent action must be taken at once, by calling the relevant emergency services.
- 10.2. If there is reason to believe a crime has been committed, seek the vulnerable adult's consent to inform the Police. If the vulnerable adult gives permission, ensure the situation is discussed with the Chair or Director, and then contact the Police.
- 10.3. If the vulnerable adult does not give permission to involve the Police, this information should be passed on to the Chair or Director as soon as possible, and clearly recorded.
- 10.4. If you believe the person lacks the capacity to give consent and there is reason to believe a crime has been committed, action can be taken in their best interests. You must act in accordance with the wishes of the vulnerable adult, wherever possible.
- 10.5. However, consideration should be given to circumstances in which a vulnerable adult's wishes may be overridden. In some cases, it will be essential for other or additional services to be provided immediately, before any investigation starts.
- 10.6. If the vulnerable adult indicates a wish for action to follow as a result of alleged or actual abuse, offer necessary support, but do not ask investigative questions. Rather, give the person reassurance that the matter is being reported and that someone will make contact with them.
- 10.7. In cases where serial allegations of abuse are made, each allegation must be treated separately and seriously, taking into account the vulnerable adult's wellbeing.

v.4. 12-2023 Page **6** of **8**

11. Allegations against staff

- 11.1. Where an allegation concerns the actions of a member of staff (who may also be a colleague), it is the clear duty of all those concerned to report the matter as set out above. When it comes to raising adult abuse concerns, no distinction should be made between staff and other persons. The vulnerable adult's wellbeing is paramount.
- 11.2. If an allegation is made against a member of staff; the Chair or a Director will need to clarify with the investigating team what action he or she intends to take under the Disciplinary Policy.
- 11.3. It is important to ensure that the action taken:
 - protects the rights and wishes of the vulnerable adult;
 - protects the rights of the member of staff concerned;
 - enables the Chair of Trustees or Director to take appropriate action either on behalf of the vulnerable adult or against the staff member where appropriate; and
 - does not compromise any criminal investigation.
- 11.4. To achieve these outcomes it will be necessary for the Chair or Director to coordinate their responsibilities for pursuing disciplinary matters in relation to the member of staff with those of the 'investigating team', who will be working within these safeguarding adults procedures.

REVISION HISTORY

This policy and related guidance will be monitored by the Board on a regular basis for compliance and will be reviewed at least annually.

Date approved or amended	Amendments	Signed
9 ^₅ March 2021	New edition	Minuted 9/3/21 Board by email
II [™] March 2021	Appendix I added Named Designated Safeguarding Officer added	11/3/21 Directors, staff and volunteers
10 October 2021	New Designated Safeguarding Officer added with Patway awaiting approval	Directors
6 July 2023	Reviewed after CAS Safeguarding training	Attended training
23 ⁻ August 2023	Reviewed	Directors meeting 25/08/23

v.4. 12-2023 Page **7** of **8**

Approved by Board of Directors.

Reviewed date: Approved by: Next review: 4 January 2024 AS January 2025

v.4. 12-2023 Page 8 of 8